

Perfect Squares Identification

Name: _____

Date: _____

Remember: A perfect square is a number that can be made by multiplying a whole number by itself. For example, 16 is a perfect square because $4 \times 4 = 16$.

Part A: Circle the Perfect Squares

Circle all the numbers below that are perfect squares:

9	15	25	30	36	42
49	50	64	72	81	100

Part B: True or False

Write T (true) or F (false) next to each statement:

1. The number 144 is a perfect square. _____
2. The number 120 is a perfect square. _____
3. The square root of 64 is 8. _____
4. All perfect squares are even numbers. _____
5. The number 1 is a perfect square. _____

Part C: Finding Square Roots

Find the square root of each perfect square:

$\sqrt{16} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\sqrt{121} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\sqrt{4} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\sqrt{169} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\sqrt{36} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\sqrt{196} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Part D: Explain Your Thinking

1. Is 48 a perfect square? Explain why or why not.

2. What are the two consecutive perfect squares that 50 sits between?
